

# **Looked After Children Policy**

Windmill Under 5s, Lacey Green and Loosely Row Sports Club, Main Road, Lacey Green, Princes Risborough HP27 0PL Registered charity no: 1026976

## **Reviews and Approvals**

Policy adopted :	15 September 2009 by Windmill Under 5s Management Committee	
Date of last review:	23 November 2020	
Date of next review:	Autumn Term (November) 2021	
Signed & dated:		Natasha Kann – Chairperson on behalf of the Management Committee

Providers must have and implement a policy, and procedures, to safeguard children.

### **Child Protection**

## 3. Looked After Children

### **Policy statement**

Windmill Under 5s (Windmills) is committed to providing quality provision based on equality of opportunity for all children and their families. All staff are committed to doing all they can to enable 'looked after' children in their care to achieve and reach their full potential. At Windmills we will ensure that 'looked after children' will be treated in the same way as any other child who attends the preschool.

Children become 'looked after' if they have either been taken into care by the local authority, or have been accommodated by the local authority (a voluntary care arrangement). Most looked after children will be living in foster homes, but a smaller number may be in a children's home, living with a relative or even placed back home with their natural parent(s).

We recognise that children who are being looked after have often experienced traumatic situations; physical, emotional or sexual abuse or neglect. However, we also recognise that not all looked after children have experienced abuse and that there are a range of reasons for children to be taken in to the care of the local authority. Whatever the reason, a child's separation from their home and family signifies a disruption in their lives that has impact on their emotional well-being.

At Windmills, we place emphasis on promoting a child's right to be *strong*, *resilient and listened to*. Our policy and practice guidelines for looked after children are based on these two important concepts, attachment and resilience. The basis of this is to promote secure attachments in children's lives as the foundation for resilience. These aspects of well-being underpin the child's responsiveness to learning and enable the development of positive dispositions for learning. For young children to get the most out of educational opportunities they need to be settled enough with their carer to be able to cope with further separation, a new environment and new expectations made upon them.

#### **Principles**

- The term 'looked after child' denotes a child's current legal status; this term is never used to categorise a child as standing out from others. We do not refer to a child using acronyms such as LAC.
- In exceptional circumstances, we offer places to two-year-old children who are in care. In such cases, the child should have been with the foster carer for at least two months and show signs of having formed a secure attachment to the carer. The placement at Windmills will last a minimum of three months.

- We offer places for funded two, three and four-year-olds who are in care to ensure they receive their entitlement to early education. We expect that a child will have been with a foster carer for a minimum of one month and that they have formed a secure attachment to the carer. We expect that the placement at Windmills will last a minimum of six weeks.
- We will always offer 'stay and play' provision for a child who is two to five years old who is still settling with their foster carer, or who is only temporarily being looked after. The foster carer will be expected to accompany the child to these sessions.
- Where a child who normally attends Windmills is taken into care and is cared for by a local foster carer we will continue to offer the placement for the child.

#### **Procedures**

- The Designated Person for looked after children is the Designated Child Protection Person: our Preschool Manager.
- Every child is allocated a Key Person before they start and this is no different for a looked after child. The 'Designated Person' ensures the Key Person has the information, support and training necessary to meet the looked after child's needs.
- The 'Designated Person' and the Key Person liaise with agencies, professionals and practitioners involved with the child and his or her family and ensures appropriate information is gained and shared.
- Windmills recognises the role of the local authority social care department as the child's 'corporate parent' and the key agency in determining what takes place with the child. Nothing changes, especially with regard to the birth parent's or foster carers' roles in relation to Windmills without prior discussion and agreement with the child's social worker.
- At the start of a placement there is a Professionals Meeting that will determine the objectives of the placement and draw up a care plan that incorporates the child's learning needs. This plan is reviewed after two weeks, six weeks and three months. Thereafter at three to six monthly intervals.
- The care plan needs to consider such issues for the child as:
  - o the child's emotional needs and how they are to be met;
  - o how any emotional issues and problems that affect behaviour are to be managed;
  - o the child's sense of self, culture, language/s and identity how this is to be supported;
  - o the child's need for sociability and friendship;
  - o the child's interests and abilities and possible learning journey pathway; and
  - o how any special needs will be supported.
- In addition, the care plan will also consider:
  - how information will be shared with the foster carer and local authority (as the 'corporate parent')
     as well as what information is shared with whom and how it will be recorded and stored;
  - what contact the child has with his/her birth parent(s) and what arrangements will be in place for supervised contact. If this is to be at Windmills, when, where and what form the contact will take will be discussed and agreed;

- what written reporting is required;
- wherever possible, and where the plan is for the child's return home, the birth parent(s) should be involved in planning; and
- with the social worker's agreement, and as part of the plan, the birth parent(s) should be involved in Windmills activities that include parents, such as outings, fun-days etc. alongside the foster carer.
- The settling-in process for the child is agreed. It should be the same as for any other child, with the foster carer taking the place of the parent, unless otherwise agreed. It is even more important that the 'proximity' stage is followed until it is visible that the child has formed a relationship with his or her Key Person sufficient to act as a 'secure base' to allow the gradual separation from the foster carer. This process may take longer in some cases, so time needs to be allowed for it to take place without causing further distress or anxiety to the child.
- In the first two weeks after settling-in, the child's well-being is the focus of observation, their sociability and their ability to manage their feelings with or without support.
- Further observations about communication, interests and abilities will be noted to form a picture
  of the whole child in relation to the Early Years Foundation Stage prime and specific areas of
  learning and development.
- Concerns about the child will be noted in the child's file and discussed with the foster carer.
- If the concerns are about the foster carer's treatment of the child, or if abuse is suspected, these are recorded in the child's file and reported to the child's social care worker according to Windmills safeguarding children procedure.
- Regular contact should be maintained with the social care worker through planned meetings that will include the foster carer.
- The transition to school will be handled sensitively. The 'Designated Person' and/or the child's Key Person will liaise with the school, passing on relevant information and documentation with the agreement of the child's social worker, as detailed in the care plan.

#### **Further Guidance**

- Guidance on the Education of Children and Young People in Public Care (DfEE 2000)
- Who Does What: How Social Workers and Carers can Support the Education of Looked After Children (DfES 2005)